

WeatherVelo 'Prime' electric cabin-scooter

Increasing urbanisation

pollution

local air quality, noise, global CO2 emissions

congestion

91% of car commuting is single occupancy

Source: Liftshare UK / Green Thing Ltd.



The need for alternative vehicles

- cars: overweight, oversize e.g. 1000kg vehicle to move 75kg occupant
- limitations of two-wheelers risky (especially when wet), no weather protection



"Small, light and electric [is] the way to go"

European Commission CARS21

Market forecasts

Four-fold increase in sales of EVs during the coming decade.

Electric cars will constitute less than half the market value.

Electric two-wheelers and alternative vehicle types will dominate.

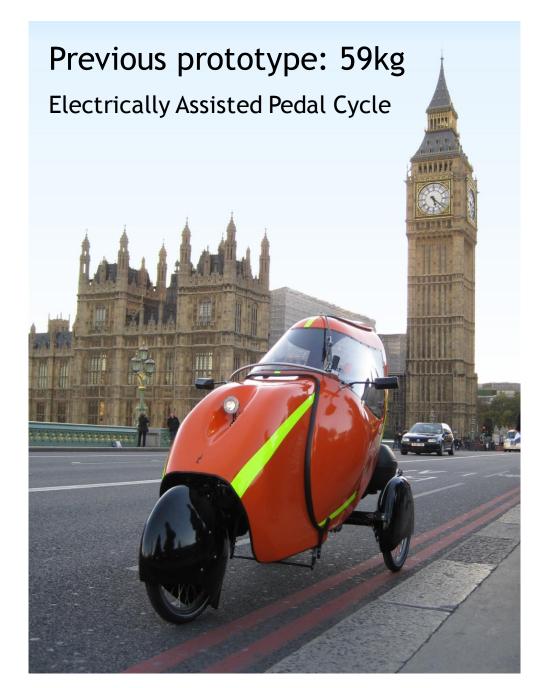
Source: IDTechEx



Specifying a vehicle ...?

- legislation
- practicality in use
- environment
- financial
- technical feasibility
- market acceptance







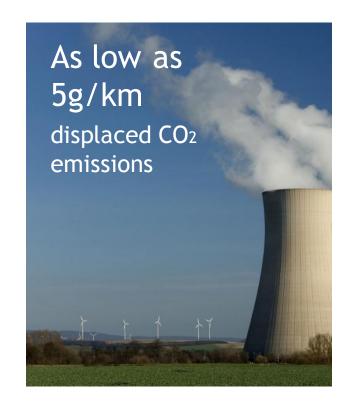
Other colours possible!





Building on practical experience to refine the specification...

- L2e category licensing, bus lanes, insurance
- very lightweight BEV one-third the weight of Twizy
- new battery technology developed in UK, easily recycled
- roofline equivalent to cars visibility in traffic
- slender + manoeuvrable urban speeds: tilting unnecessary
- ergonomic steering unique cable system











- ✓ registered design
- ✓ registered trademark
- ✓ unique vehicle niche
- early mover advantage

Affordability

"90% of car journeys in cities are under 6km" Michael Cramer MEP

- urban niche
 - ~ fit for purpose
 - ~ not motorways
- battery choice
 - ~ no monthly rental
- other savings
 - ~ no London congestion charge
 - ~ insurance

Target retail price: £3,995

Primary markets

- commuters, local errands in lieu of single-occupancy cars
- youth (from age 16)
- vehicle sharing schemes
- delivery/courier services
- local government, airports etc. fleet order could kick-start production





...but investment needed!

Routes forward...

- £180k ⇒ series production
 - ~ self-jigging chassis, minimal market penetration

Gross added value at 45% of input costs

Turnover projections: 2014 £400k, 2015 £2m, 2016 £3.5m

100 vehicles 500 vehicles 1000 vehicles



- £1.5m investment ⇒ volume production
 - ~ tooling costs, better market penetration + CO2 savings
- major manufacturer takes over project
 - ~ tooling costs, optimal market penetration + CO2 savings
 - ~ WeatherVelo/colleagues as team-members?



Thank you for listening.

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Supplementary slides

if needed for Q&A

EV comparisons

M1	L6e	L2e	L1e	eBike
Car, M1 e.g Nissan Leaf	Quadricycle, L6e e.g. Renault Twizy 45	Three-wheel moped, L2e WeatherVelo Prime	Two-wheel moped, L1e e.g. Lexola G3000sx	'Pedelec' bicycle e.g. UrbanMover UM44S
1521kg, 80kW (Leaf)	445kg, 4kW (Twizy)	125kg, 2kW (tbc)	63kg-145kg (depends on type), 2kW (typical)	24kg (example), 0.25kW
inefficient for one person	moderately efficient	efficient	efficient	extremely efficient
full weather protection	partial doors (Twizy)	full weather protection	no weather protection	no weather protection
plus heater + a/c		when side pieces fitted		
177cm wide (Leaf)	124cm wide (Twizy)	80cm wide, tapers front + rear	highly manoeuvrable (but vulnerable)	ultimate manoeuvrability
gets stuck in (and causes) traffic	full width front + rear	plus allowed in signed bus lanes	plus allowed in signed bus lanes	cuts through traffic, causes none
motorway speeds	45km/h (L6e version)	45km/h	45km/h	25km/h
inherently stable	inherently stable	inherently stable	inherently unstable	inherently unstable



Bigger/taller, faster, roof + windscreen, sides (not shown)

Displaced (well-to-wheel) emissions, prototype #1:

UK generation mix: 524.6g CO2 per kWh

Motor draws 0.43kW cruising at 28mph (45 km/h) on the flat

 $524.6g \times 0.43kW = 225.6g per hour$

At 45km/h = 5g/km CO₂





Making LEV dynamometer, for precise drive-cycle analysis